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## Concentration levels of IL-10 and TNF-α cytokines in patients with HPV DNA positive and negative cervical lesions

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**Objective:** The present study was performed to assess the immune response in women with HPV DNA positive and negative cervical lesions.

Methods & Patients: 80 women with cervical lesions (age range of 25-70 years) were studied. The lesions were cytologically classified into 4 groups: ASC-US (20), CINI (30), CINII-III (16) and cervical carcinoma (14) prior to HPV DNA detection. Estimation of IL-10 and TNF-α cytokines was performed via Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) technique in cervical secretions and serum and PCR screening kits were utilized to detect HPV DNA on cervical smears.

Results: The detected levels of IL-10 (mean $\pm$ SE) concentration in cervical secretions of patients with HPV DNA positive and negative states and control group were  $88.73\pm16.90$  pg/ml,  $24.00\pm2.84$  pg/ml and  $8.27\pm0.59$  pg/ml respectively with significant differences (p<0.05), while levels of TNF- $\alpha$  in cervical secretion of the studied groups were  $12.18\pm3.49$  pg/ml,  $9.90\pm0.73$  pg/ml and  $7.90\pm0.87$  pg/ml respectively with non-significant differences. The detected levels of IL-10 in cervical secretions of HPV DNA positive cases ( $88.73\pm16.90$  pg/ml) were significantly higher than in the sera ( $13.69\pm2.41$  pg/ml) (p<0.05), while the levels of TNF- $\alpha$  in their cervical secretions ( $12.18\pm3.49$  pg/ml) was slightly raised than in their sera ( $11.59\pm3.14$  pg/ml) with non-significance differences.

Conclusions: A raised levels of both IL-10 and TNF- $\alpha$  in secretions of HPV DNA positive women with different cervical lesions were detected. However, the observed higher levels of IL-10 than TNF- $\alpha$  indicate down-modulation of tumor-specific immune response to HPV infected lesions via significant raised concentrations of the first cytokine than the second one. Therefore, this phenomenon seems to provide a tumor progressive microenvironment by the immunosuppressant properties of IL-10 with minimal antitumor activity of TNF- $\alpha$ .

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