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## Hereditary Haemorrhagic Telangiectasia

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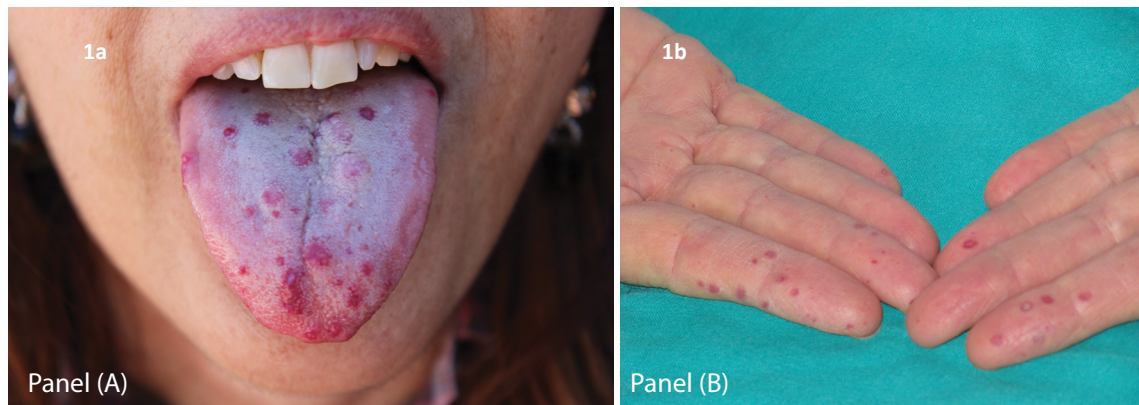
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**Figure 1** Panel (A) Multiple mucocutaneous telangiectasias most evident on the tongue, buccal mucosa.  
Panel (B) Multiple mucocutaneous telangiectasias most evident on chest and fingers.

### Clinical Image

Multiple mucocutaneous telangiectasias is most evident on the tongue (**Figure 1, Panel A**), buccal mucosa, chest and fingers (**Figure 1, Panel B**) in fatigue and iron-deficiency anemia, due to recurrent spontaneous epistaxis and a recent episode of gastrointestinal bleeding.

The clinical picture and the family history suggest the diagnosis of Hereditary Haemorrhagic Teleangiectasia (HHT). A missense mutation in the gene coding for the Activin receptor-like kinase ALK-1 was detected and confirmed the diagnosis of HHT. Treatment with laser photocoagulation of nasal telangiectasias and iron infusions was found to be relevant with improvement of the symptoms.